# S&P Resin 220 epoxy adhesive

## Two-component epoxy resin-based adhesive for S&P FRP Systems

## Areas of application

pressure-bonding of S&P laminates CFK on concrete, steel and wood

#### **Product description**

S&P Resin 220 epoxy adhesive is a solvent-free, thixotropic, grey two-component epoxy resin adhesive that has been specially developed for bonding carbon fibre laminates (S&P laminates CFK). The material characteristics of the fresh and hardened adhesive are designed specifically to satisfy the special requirements of the S&P structural component reinforcement system. The adhesive has been system-tested as a compound for the FRP Lamella dimensioning software.

#### Advantages

- ready-to-use (no need to add filler)
- convenient pot life
- high adhesive strength and bond strength
- thixotropic, so does not run or drip
- high mechanical strength
- hardens with minimum shrinkage
- solvent-free

### Substrate preparation

Reinforcement may only take place if the substrate for the laminates CFK has an inherent tensile strength of at least 1.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. The substrate must be free from substances which may impair adhesion (oil, grease, wax, etc.), and must additionally be dust-free, clean, more or less dry and sound. Max. substrate humidity: 4 %

Age of concrete depending on climate: at least 3 to 6 weeks.

#### Important points

When reinforcing structural components with the S&P FRP System, it must be possible to transmit the tensile forces from the laminates to the load-bearing substrate through the adhesive.

Mechanical processing (cleaning) of the substrate is therefore always essential. The usual methods, such as grinding, milling, sandblasting, etc, may be used. Any unevenness in the substrate must be eliminated before the laminates CFK are fitted. This operation is essential to prevent any deflection forces arising under tension. Variation in level must not exceed 0.5 cm over a length of 200 cm. Suitable material: S&P Resin 230 levelling mortar.

## Application

- Mixing:

Stir the individual components separately and then add component A to component B and mix thoroughly until the colour is uniformly grey and free of any streaks. Place the mixed material in a different container in order to reveal any inadequacies in the mix. Mix slowly to minimise air inclusions.

- Before the adhesive is applied, the surface of the laminate must be cleaned with a cloth soaked in S&P Cleaner.
- Where appropriate, first apply a layer of adhesive onto the substrate with a spatula to a thickness of approx. 1 mm.
- Apply adhesive uniformly onto the laminate in a "roof" shape in a layer approx. 2-3 mm thick.
- Within the time the adhesive remains workable, press the laminate into the layer of adhesive previously applied and bed it in uniformly with a pressure roller until adhesive is pressed out of the joint on both sides. Residual minimum adhesive thickness: 1 mm, maximum thickness: 4 mm.
- Adhesive is best applied to the laminate using a special gluing set.
- After the adhesive has hardened, check for bonding over the entire area by tapping.



- Fire protection requirements must be complied with, as epoxy adhesives generally have limited temperature resistance.
- The surface of the laminates may be painted over to ensure visual uniformity.

#### Consumption

Approx. 1.75 kg/m<sup>2</sup>/mm

#### Cleaning

Material which has not yet hardened can be washed off with S&P Cleaner. Material which has hardened can be removed only by mechanical means.

#### Availability

5 kg and 15 kg (A+B) units

#### Safety instructions

Please refer to the safety, hazard and disposal instructions in the safety data sheet and on the container label.

### **Technical Data**

Form	Paste	Comp. A and B
Colour	light grey	Comp. A
	black	Comp. B
Density (at 23°C)	1,70 -1,80 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Mixing ratio A:B	4 : 1	by weight
	4 : 1	by volume
Pot life / EN ISO 9514:2005 at 23°C	~ 25 minutes	
Compression strength EN 1504-4 (EN 12190)	> 70 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
E-modulus DIN EN ISO 178	> 7100 N/mm²	
Shear strength DIN EN 12615	> 26 N/mm²	
Shore-D-hardness DIN EN 53505-D/EN ISO 868	87-93	
Adhesive tensile strength DIN EN 13892-8	> 3 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	on concrete; 3 days; 20°C
	> 3 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	on S&P laminate CFK
	$> 2 \text{ N/mm}^2$	on S&P Resin 230 levelling mortar
	> 14 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	steel on steel (without Primer)

## **Application temperature**

May be used from +10° C to +35° C Substrate temperature must be at least 3° C above dew point temperature.

#### Storage

Components A + B may be stored for 1 year Store between +5° C and +25° C Homogenise before use; slowly warm up and homogenise frozen or super-cooled material.



### **Bond behaviour**

Bonding tests with S&P Resin 220 and S&P laminates CFK, surface-bonded onto concrete components:

TU Lisbon Portugal and others	TU Kassel Germany TU Braunschweig Germany TU Lisbon Portugal	EIA Fribourg, Switzerland CHUNGBUK National University Korea and others
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Fig. 1: Experimental investigation of bonded areas A (end of laminate) and B (between two cracks).







Fig. 3: Determination of the bond stresses for a 2-mm thick layer of adhesive.

The dimensioning models for the software FRP Lamella are based on bond tests using S&P Resin 220 adhesives and S&P laminates CFK. Detailed test reports can be obtained from the S&P Clever Reinforcement Company.

As of all other technical indications and information provided by us, the only purpose of this data sheet is to describe the nature of this product, as well as its possible applications and fields of use. However, it does not guarantee certain properties of this product or its suitability for a determined purpose of application; furthermore, the directions for use given in this data sheet are not complete. Since this data sheet is subject to modification, it is the duty of our clients to ensure that they refer to the latest version. The updated data sheets can be obtained at all times from all our locations. In addition, the current general terms of business are applicable.

